IMB530

Intel® Socket 1200 CoreTM i9/i7/ i5/i3 /Pentium®/ Celeron® and Xeon® E
Processors ATX Industrial
Motherboard

User's Manual



USER'S MANUAL



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CAUTION

Wrong type of batteries may cause explosion. It is recommended that users only replace with the same or equivalent type of batteries as suggested by the manufacturer once properly disposing of any used ones.

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ESD Precautions

Computer boards have integrated circuits sensitive to static electricity. To prevent chipsets from electrostatic discharge damage, please take care of the following jobs with precautions:

- Do not remove boards or integrated circuits from their anti-static packaging until you are ready to install them.
- Before holding the board or integrated circuit, touch an unpainted portion of the system unit chassis for a few seconds. To discharge static electricity from your body.
- Wear a grounding wrist strap, available from most electronic component stores, when handling boards and components.

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Section 1 Introduction



The IMB530 is an advanced ATX industrial motherboard based on the 10th Generation Intel® Core™ i9 / i7/ i5/ i3/ Pentium®, Celeron® and Xeon® E processors (Comet lake) in an LGA1200 socket and comes with an Intel® W480E chipset. Specially designed for optimal computing and visual performance, the IMB530 motherboard is an ideal solution for major industry applications ranging from financial modeling to designing complex buildings and vehicles. With its built-in Intel® HD Graphics GFX, this industrial grade motherboard delivers superb 3D visual performance and supports triple display through DisplayPort++, DVI-D, HDMI and VGA ports to meet professional-grade CAD and media/entertainment needs.

In addition, the IMB530 supports Intel® Turbo Boost 2.0 technology, Intel® Hyper-Threading technology, Intel® HD Graphics with DX12, 128GB DDR4-2933 ECC/non-ECC un-buffered Long-DIMM, and 2 PCI-Express 3.0 x16 slots. It also features Intel® Active Management Technology 12 (iAMT), SATA RAID, as well as PCI Express expansion interfaces, making it specifically suited for applications with added security features.

1.1 **Features**

- LGA1200 socket 10th Generation Intel® Core™ i9 / i7/ i5/ i3/ Pentium®, Celeron® and
- Xeon® E processors (Comet lake) up to 125W 4 x 288-pin DDR4-2933 ECC/non-ECC un-buffered Long-DIMM with maximum memory capacity up to 128GB (max. 32GB per slot)
- DVI-D, HDMI, Displayport and VGA with triple view support
- 4 x SATA-600 w/ RAID 0/1/5/10
- 2 x USB3.2 (Gen2), 4 x USB 3.2 (Gen1) and 8 x USB 2.0 ports

1.2 **Specifications**

CPU

LGA1200 Socket 10th Generation Intel® Core™ i9 / i7/ i5/ i3/ Pentium®, Celeron® and Xeon® E processors (Comet lake) up to 125W

7.000 = p.000000.0	(/	
Model	Core	Therad	TDP
Xeon W-1290E	10	20	95W
Xeon W-1290TE	10	20	35W
Xeon W-1270E	8	16	80W
Xeon W-1270TE	8	16	35W
Xeon W-1250E	6	12	80W
Xeon W-1250TE	6	12	35W
i9-10900K	10	10	125W
i9-10900E	10	20	65W
i9-10900TE	10	20	35W
i7-10700E	8	16	65W
i7-10700TE	8	16	35W
i5-10500E	6	12	65W
i5-10500TE	6	12	35W
i3-10300E	4	8	65W
i3-10500TE	6	12	35W
G6400E	2	4	35W
G6400TE	2	4	35W
G5900E	2	2	58W
G5900TE	2	2	35W

Chipset

Intel® W480E

BIOS

AMI BIOS.

System Memory

- 4 x 288-pin ECC/non-ECC un-buffered Long-DIMM sockets.
- Maximum 128GB DDR4 memory (max. 32GB per slot).
- Supports DDR4-2933Mhz

• Onboard Multi I/O

- 1 x PS/2 keyboard and mouse (internal box headers).
- Four serial ports:
 - 2 x RS-232 (internal box headers).
 - 2 x RS-232/422/485 (rear I/O).

USB Interface

- 2 x USB3.2(Gen2) ports.(rear I/O)
- 2 x USB 3.2(Gen1) ports. (rear I/O)
- 2 x USB 3.2(Gen1) ports. (internal,box header)
- 6 x USB 2.0 ports. (internal,pin header)
- 2 x USB 2.0 ports. (internal, 2 x 180D type A)

Ethernet

- LAN1: 1000/100/10Mbps Gigabit/Fast Ethernet supports Wake-on-LAN, PXE Boot ROM, iAMT with Intel® i219LM.
- LAN2: 1000/100/10Mbps Gigabit/Fast Ethernet supports Wake-on-LAN, PXE Boot ROM with Intel® i211AT.

Serial ATA

■ 4 x SATAIII with RAID 0/1/5/10.

Audio

- Realtek ALC888 HDA Codec.
- Supports MIC-in/line-in/line-out.

Display

- 1 x 15-pin D-Sub as VGA connector. Resolution max. up to 1920x1200 @60Hz.
- 1 x HDMI 1.4b with max. resolution up to 4096x2160 @24Hz.
- 1 x Displayport++ with max. resolution up to 4096 x 2304 @60Hz
- 1 x DVI-D with resolution max. up to 1920×1200 @60Hz.

Expansion Interface

- 1 x PCle x16 slot (signal: x16 or x8)
- 1 x PCle x16 slot (signal: x0 or x8)
- 3 x PCle x4 slot open ended
- 1 x PCIe x4 slot open ended (signal: x1)
- 1 x PCI.

Power Input

- 1 x ATX power input connector.
- 1 x 12V ATX power input connector for CPU Power.

Operating Temperature

■ 0°C ~ 60°C.

• Storage Temperature

■ -20°C ~ 75°C.

Form Factor

■ 305 x 244mm.



All specifications and images are subject to change without notice.

Packing list 1.3

- Bulk packing

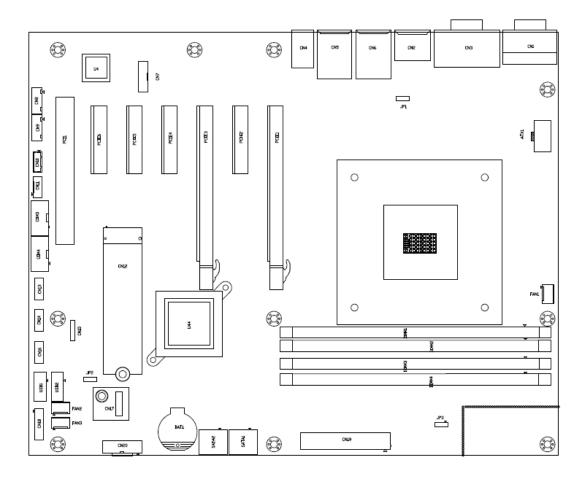
 1 x Motherboard

 1 x I/O bracket
- Gift box
 - 1 x Motherboard
 - 1 x I/O bracket

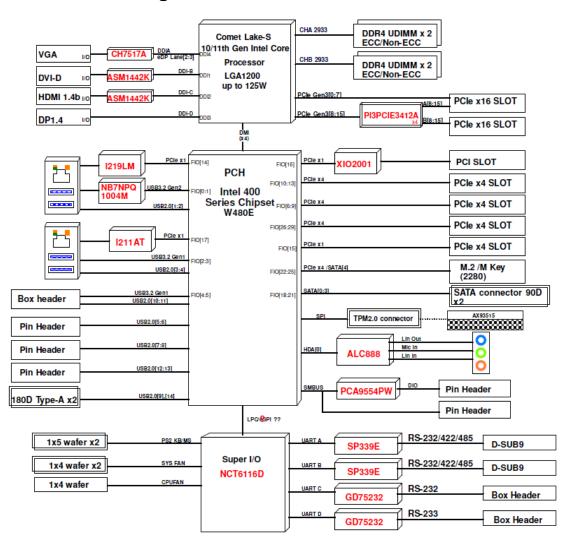
Section 2 Board and Pin Assignments

2.1 Board Layout

Top side



2.2 Block Diagram



2.3 Jumper Settings

Pin description

A jumper is a small component consisting of a jumper clip and jumper pins. Install a jumper clip on two jumper pins to close the jumper pins. Remove the jumper clip from two jumper pins to open the jumper pins. The following illustration shows how to set up a jumper.

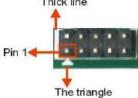
jumper clip open

close pin 1-2 close all open

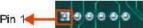


To identify the first pin of a header or jumper, please refer to the following information:

• Usually, there is a thick line or a triangle near the header or jumper pin 1.



 A square pad, which you can find on the back of the motherboard, is usually used for pin 1.



Before applying power to the IMB530 series, make sure all of the jumpers are in factory default position. Below you can find a summary table of all jumpers and onboard default settings.



Turn off power before changing any default jumper settings.

Jumper	Description	Setting
JP1	PCIe x16 slot Default: x16	1-2 Close
JP2	Clear CMOS Default: Normal Operation	1-2 Close
JP3	AT/ATX Power Mode Select Default: AT Mode	1-2 Close

2.3.1 PCle x16 slot bifurcation (JP1)

Use these jumpers (3x1-pin p=2.54mm) to set signal of PCle x16 slot.

CN14	JP1	
x16(Default)	1-2	
x8 x8	2-3	



2.3.2 Clear CMOS (JP2)

This jumper (3x1-pin p=2.54mm) allows you to clear the Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM in CMOS. You can clear the CMOS memory of date, time, and system setup parameters by erasing the CMOS RTC RAM data. The onboard button cell battery powers the RAM data in CMOS, which includes system setup information such as system passwords.

To erase the RTC RAM:

- 1. Turn OFF the computer and unplug the power cord.
- 2. Remove the onboard battery.
- 3. Move the jumper clip from pins 1-2 (default) to pins 2-3. Keep the clip on pins 2-3 for about 5~10 seconds, then move the clip back to pins 1-2.
- 4. Re-install the battery.
- 5. Plug the power cord and turn ON the computer.
- 6. Hold down the key during the boot process and enter BIOS setup to re-enter data.

Function	Setting
Normal operation (Default)	1-2 close
Clear CMOS	2-3 close



2.3.3 AT/ATX Mode Select (JP3)

This 3x1-pin p=2.54mm jumper allows you to select AT or ATX power mode.

Function	Setting
AT mode (Default)	1-2 close
ATX mode	2-3 close



2.4 Connectors

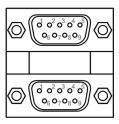
Signals go to other parts of the system through connectors. Loose or improper connection might cause problems, Make sure all connectors are properly and firmly connected. Here is a summary table showing the connectors on the hardware.

Connector	Description
CN1	Com port Connector
CN2	DP/HDMI Connector
CN3	DVI-D/ VGA Connector
CN4	Audio Jack
CN5	RJ45 + USB3.1 GEN1 Connector
CN6	RJ45 (iAMT)+ USB3.1 GEN2 Connector
CN7	Front Audio Header
CN8	Internal PS/2 KB Connector
CN9	Internal PS/2 MS Connector
CN10	DIO Connector
CN11	SMBus Header
CN12	M.2 Connector
CN13, CN14, CN16	Internal USB2.0 Headers
CN17	TPM 2.0 Connector (Optional)
CN18	Front Panel Header
CN19	24-pin Power Input Connector
CN20	Internal USB3.1 GEN1 Connector
ATX1	CPU Power Input Connector
COM3, COM4	Comport Box Header
FAN1	CPU Fan Connector
FAN2, FAN3	System Fan Connectors
PCle1, PCle3	PCI-Express x16 Slots
PCle2, PCle4, PCle5, PCle6	PCI-Express x4 Slots
PCI1	PCI Slots
SATA1, SATA2, SATA3, SATA4	SATA III Connector

2.4.1 COM1 Connector (CN1)

This is a high rise 9-pin D-Sub connector for COM1 serial port interface. The pin assignments of RS-232/422/485 are listed in the table below.

Pin	RS-232 [*]	RS-422 [*]	RS-485 [*]
1	DCD#	TX-	485-
2	RXD	TX+	485+
3	TXD	RX+	N/C
4	DTR#	RX-	N/C
5	GND	GND	GND
6	DSR#	N/C	N/C
7	RTS#	N/C	N/C
8	CTS#	N/C	N/C
9	RI#	N/C	N/C



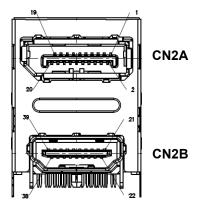


[7]: Signals of COM1, COM2 can be RS-232/422/485 by BIOS setting.

2.4.2 DisplayPort++ and HDMI Connector (CN2)

CN2 is a double-deck connector comprising an upper connector for DisplayPort++ (CN2A) and a lower connector for HDMI (CN2B).

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	LANE 0	21	DATA2
2	GND	22	GND
3	LANE 0#	23	DATA2#
4	LANE 1	24	DATA1
5	GND	25	GND
6	LANE 1#	26	DATA1#
7	LANE 2	27	DATA0
8	GND	28	GND
9	LANE 2#	29	DATA1#
10	LANE 3	30	Clock
11	GND	31	GND
12	LANE 3#	32	Clock#
13	Detect Pin	33	NC
14	GND	34	NC
15	AUX CH	35	SCL
16	GND	36	SDA
17	AUX CH#	37	GND
18	Hot Plug Detect	38	+5V POWER
19	GND	39	Hot Plug Detect
20	DP_PWR(3.3V)		

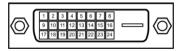


2.4.3 VGA and DVI-D Connector (CN3)

CN3 is a double-deck connector comprising an lower connector for DVI-D port and a upper connector for VGA port.

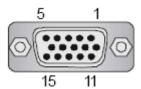
The high rise DVI-D connector provides transmission of fast and high quality video signals between a source device (graphic card) and a display device (monitor).

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	TX2-	2	TX2+
3	Ground	4	NC
5	NC	6	DVI_SPD_CLK
7	DVI_SPD DATA	8	NC
9	TX1-	10	TX1+
11	Ground	12	NC
13	NC	14	VGAVCC
15	Ground	16	HPDETECT
17	TX0-	18	TX0+
19	Ground	20	NC
21	NC	22	Ground
23	TXC+	24	TXC-



The 15-pin D-Sub connector is commonly used for VGA display.

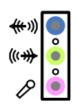
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	Red	2	Green
3	Blue	4	NC
5	GND	6	GND
7	GND	8	GND
9	VCC	10	GND
11	NC	12	DDC DATA
13	Horizontal Sync	14	Vertical Sync
15	DDC CLK		



2.4.4 Audio Jack (CN4)

Install an audio driver, and then attach audio devices to CN4.

Pin Color Signal	
Blue	Line-in
Green	Line-out
Pink	MIC-in

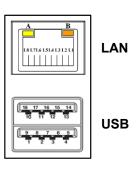


2.4.5 LAN and USB 3.1 Connectors (CN5 and CN6)

The motherboard comes with two high performance plug and play Ethernet interfaces (RJ-45) which are fully compliant with the IEEE 802.3 standard. Connection can be established by plugging one end of the Ethernet cable into this RJ-45 connector and the other end to a 1000/100/10 Base-T hub.

The Universal Serial Bus (compliant with USB 3.1 Gen2 (CN6) or USB3.1 Gen1 (CN5) connectors on the rear I/O are for installing USB peripherals such as a keyboard, mouse, scanner, etc.

Pin	LAN Signal	Pin	LAN Signal
L1	Tx+ (Data transmission positive)	L2	Tx- (Data transmission negative)
L3	Rx+ (Data reception positive)	L4	RJ-1 (For 1000 Base-T only)
L5	RJ-1 (For 1000 Base- T only)	L6	Rx- (Data reception negative)
L7	RJ-1 (For 1000 Base- T only)	L8	RJ-1 (For 1000 Base-T only)
A	100 LAN LED (Green) / 1000 LAN LED (Orange)	В	Active LED





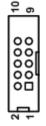
- Speed LED turns orange for 1000Mbps or green for 100Mbps. The light is off for 10Mbps.
- CN6 supports AMT and USB3.1 GEN 2. Both CN5 and CN6 support Wakeon-LAN.

Pin	USB Signal	Pin	USB Signal
1	USB3_POWER	2	USB1 -
3	USB1 +	4	GND
5	USB3_SSRX1-	6	USB3_SSRX1+
7	GND	8	USB3_SSTX1-
9	USB3_SSTX1+	10	USB3_POWER
11	USB2 -	12	USB2 +
13	GND	14	USB3_SSRX2-
15	USB3_SSRX2+	16	GND
17	USB3_SSTX2-	18	USB3_SSTX2+

2.4.6 Front Audio Header (CN7)

This is a front audio header (5x2-pin p=2.00mm) for convenient connection and control of audio devices.

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	MIC_IN	2	GND
3	LINE_IN_L	4	GND
5	LINE_IN_R	6	GND
7	AUD_OUT_L	8	GND
9	AUD_OUT_R	10	GND



2.4.7 Internal Keyboard Connector (CN8)

The internal keyboard (PS/2 type) interface is available through a 5-pin connector.

Pin	Signal
1	Keyboard Clock
2	Keyboard Data
3	NC
4	GND
5	+5V level



2.4.8 Internal Mouse Connector (CN9)

The internal mouse (PS/2 type) interface is available through a 5-pin connector.

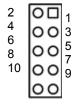
Pin	Signal	
1	Mouse Clock	
2	Mouse Data	
3	NC	
4	GND	
5	+5V level	



2.4.9 GPIO Header (CN10)

This header (5x2-pin p=2.00mm) is for digital I/O interface.

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	DIO1	2	DIO8
3	DIO2	4	DIO7
5	DIO3	6	DIO6
7	DIO4	8	DIO5
9	NC	10	GND





The default value of DIO1 to DIO8 is set as GPI with high level.

2.4.10 SMBus Header (CN11)

The CN11 (5x1-pin p=2.00mm) is for SMBus (System Management Bus) interface.

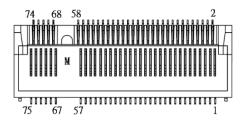
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	SMB_SCL	2	N/C
3	GND	4	SMB_SDA
5	+5V		



2.4.11 M.2 2280 Key M NVMe SSD (CN12)

The CN11 (5x1-pin p=2.00mm) is for SMBus (System Management Bus) interface.

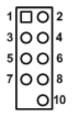
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	2	+3.3V	3	GND	4	+3.3V
5	PERn3	6	NC	7	PERp3	8	NC
9	GND	10	LED_1#	11	PETn3	12	+3.3V
13	PETp3	14	+3.3V	15	GND	16	+3.3V
17	PERn2	18	+3.3V	19	PERp2	20	NC
21	GND	22	NC	23	PETn2	24	NC
25	PETp2	26	NC	27	GND	28	NC
29	PERn1	30	NC	31	PERp1	32	NC
33	GND	34	NC	35	PETn1	36	NC
37	PETp1	38	NC	39	GND	40	NC
41	PERn0	42	NC	43	PERp0	44	NC
45	GND	46	NC	47	PETn0	48	NC
49	PETp0	50	PERST#	51	GND	52	CLKREQ#
53	REFCLKn	54	PEWAKE#	55	REFCLKp	56	NC
57	GND	58	NC	59	CONNECTOR Key M	60	CONNECTOR Key M
61	CONNECTOR Key M	62	CONNECTOR Key M	63	CONNECTOR Key M	64	CONNECTOR Key M
65	CONNECTOR Key M	66	CONNECTOR Key M	67	NC	68	NC
69	NC	70	+3.3V	71	GND	72	+3.3V
73	GND	74	+3.3V	75	GND		



2.4.12 Internal USB Headers (CN13, CN14, CN16)

These are 5x2-pin p=2.54mm headers for USB 2.0 interface.

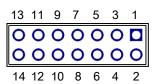
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+5 V_DUAL	2	+5 V_DUAL
3	USB 5, 7, 12-	4	USB 6, 8, 13-
5	USB 5, 7, 12+	6	USB 6, 8, 13+
7	GND	8	GND
		10	GND



2.4.13 TPM Pin Header (CN17)

These are 7x2-pin p=2.0mm headers for SPI interface with an AX93515 TPM module.

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	VCC3P3	2	GND
3	MOSI	4	MISO
5	CLK	6	CS2
7	RST	8	PIRQ
9	PP	10	NC
11	NC	12	NC
13	NC	14	MC



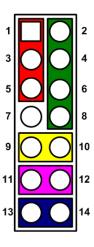


The screw type is M2*0.4.

2.4.14 Front Panel Header (CN18)

This is a front panel header (7x2-pin p=2.54mm).

Pin	Signal
1	Power LED+
2	SPK- [*]
3	GND
4	BUZZER
5	Power LED-
6	N/C
7	N/C
8	SPK+ ^[*]
9	PWR-
10	PWR+
11	RESET-
12	RESET+
13	HD LED-
14	HD LED+





[i]: The buzzer on the motherboard will be active when pin 2 and pin 4 are connected; the external speaker on the chassis will be active when pin 2 and pin 4 are open.

2.4.15 Power Input Connectors (ATX1 and CN19)

Steady and sufficient power can be supplied to all components on the motherboard by connecting the power connector. Please make sure all components and devices are properly installed before connecting the power connector.

An external power supply plug fits into ATX1 and CN19 in only one orientation. Properly press down power supply plug until it completely and firmly fits into the connector. Loose connection may cause system instability.

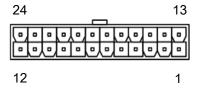
ATX1 CPU power input connector:

Pin	ATX1 Signal	Pin	ATX1 Signal
1	GND	5	+12V
2	GND	6	+12V
3	GND	7	+12V
4	GND	8	+12V



CN19 24-pin power input connector:

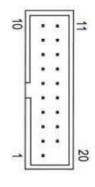
Pin	CN19 Signal	Pin	CN19 Signal
1	3.3V	13	3.3V
2	3.3V	14	-12V
3	GND	15	GND
4	+5V	16	PS_ON
5	GND	17	GND
6	+5V	18	GND
7	GND	19	GND
8	PWR OK	20	-5V
9	5VSB	21	+5V
10	+12V	22	+5V
11	+12V	23	+5V
12	3.3V	24	GND



2.4.16 Internal USB 3.1 Gen1 Connector (CN20)

The CN20 is a 19-pin internal connector for installing versatile USB 3.1 compliant peripherals.

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	VBUS0		
2	SSRX5-	19	VBUS1
3	SSRX5+	18	SSRX6-
4	GND	17	SSRX6+
5	SSTX5-	16	GND
6	SSTX5+	15	SSTX6-
7	GND	14	SSTX6+
8	USB10-	13	GND
9	USB10+	12	USB11-
10	ID	11	USB11+

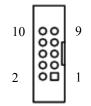


2.4.17 COM Headers (COM3, COM4)

The motherboard comes with 5x2-pin p=2.54mm headers for COM3, COM4 serial port interfaces.

COM3, COM4:

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	DCD#	2	DSR#
3	RXD#	4	RTS#
5	TXD#	6	CTS#
7	DTR#	8	RI#
9	GND	10	N/C



2.4.18 Fan Connectors (FAN1, FAN2, FAN3)

This motherboard has three fan connectors. Find fan speed option(s) at BIOS Setup Utility: Advanced\HW Monitor\PC Health Status.

The FAN1 (4x1-pin p=2.54mm) is for the the CPU fan connector.

Pin	Signal
1	GND
2	+12V
3	FAN Speed Detection
4	FAN Speed Control



The FAN2 and FAN3 (4x1-pin p=2.54mm) are for system fan connectors.

Pin	Signal
1	GND
2	+12V
3	FAN Speed Detection
4	FAN Speed Control



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2.4.19 PCI-Express x4 Slots (PCIe2, PCIe4, PCIe5, PCIe6)

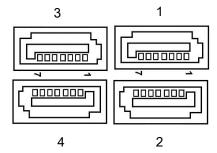
This motherboard has four PCI-Express x4 slots, but PCIe6 only support PCI-Express x1 signal.

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
B1	+12V_PS	A1	GND	
B2	+12V_PS	A2	+12V_PS	
В3	+12V_PS	A3	+12V_PS	
B4	GND	A4	GND	
B5	SMB_CLK_RESUME	A5	N/C	
B6	SMB_DATA_RESUME	A6	N/C	
B7	GND	A7	N/C	
B8	+3.3V_PS	A8	N/C	
В9	N/C	A9	+3.3V_PS	
B10	+3.3V_SB	A10	+3.3V_PS	
B11	PCH_WAKE_N	A11	PWRGD	
B12	N/C	A12	GND	
B13	GND	A13	CLKOUT_PCIE_P5	
B14	PCIE1_SLOT1_TX_DP_C	A14	CLKOUT_PCIE_N5	
B15	PCIE1_SLOT1_TX_DN_C	A15	GND	
B16	GND	A16	PCIE1_SLOT1_RX_DP_C	
B17	PCIEX4_SLOT1_PRSNT2_N	A17	PCIE1_SLOT1_RX_DN_C	
B18	GND	A18	GND	
B19	PCIE2_TX_DP	A19	N/C	
B20	PCIE2_TX_DN	A20	GND	
B21	GND	A21	PCIE2_RX_DP	
B22	GND	A22	PCIE2_RX_DN	
B23	PCIE3_TX_DP	A23	GND	
B24	PCIE3_TX_DN	A24	GND	
B25	GND	A25	PCIE3_RX_DP	
B26	GND	A26	PCIE3_RX_DN	
B27	PCIE4_TX_DP	A27	GND	
B28	PCIE4_TX_DN	A28	GND	
B29	GND	A29	PCIE4_RX_DP	
B30	N/C	A30	PCIE4_RX_DN	
B31	N/C	A31	GND	
B32	GND	A32	N/C	

2.4.20 SATA 3.0 Connectors (SATA1 ~ SATA4)

These Serial Advanced Technology Attachment (Serial ATA or SATA) connectors are for SATA 3.0 interface allowing up to 6.0Gb/s data transfer rate. It is a computer bus interface for connecting to devices such as hard disk drive.

Pin	Signal
1	GND
2	SATA_TX+
3	SATA_TX-
4	GND
5	SATA_RX-
6	SATA_RX+
7	GND



Section 3 Hardware Description

3.1 Microprocessors

The IMB530 series supports Intel® Core™ i9 / i7/ i5/ i3/ Pentium®, Celeron® and Xeon® E processors (Comet lake), which enable your system to operate under Windows® 10 and Linux environments. The system performance depends on the microprocessor. Make sure all correct settings are arranged for your installed microprocessor to prevent the CPU from damages.



Caution: Make sure turnoff power supply, before you install the processor into the CPU socket.

3.2 BIOS

The IMB530 series uses AMI Plug and Play BIOS.

3.3 System Memory

The IMB530 supports four 288-pin DDR4 DIMM sockets for maximum memory capacity up to 128GB DDR4 SDRAMs. The memory module comes in sizes of 2GB, 4GB, 8GB, 16GB and 32GB.

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Section 4 AMI BIOS Setup Utility

The AMI UEFI BIOS provides users with a built-in setup program to modify basic system configuration. All configured parameters are stored in a flash chip to save the setup information whenever the power is turned off. This chapter provides users with detailed description about how to set up basic system configuration through the AMI BIOS setup utility.

4.1 Starting

To enter the setup screens, follow the steps below:

- 1. Turn on the computer and press during the Power On Self Test (POST) to enter BIOS setup, otherwise, POST will continue with its test routines.
- 2. Once you enter the BIOS, the main BIOS setup menu displays. You can access the other setup screens from the main BIOS setup menu, such as the Advanced and Chipset menus.



Note

If your computer cannot boot after making and saving system changes with BIOS setup, you can restore BIOS optimal defaults by setting JP8 (see section 2.4.1).

It is strongly recommended that you should avoid changing the chipset's defaults. Both AMI and your system manufacturer have carefully set up these defaults that provide the best performance and reliability.

4.2 Navigation Keys

The BIOS setup/utility uses a key-based navigation system called hot keys. Most of the BIOS setup utility hot keys can be used at any time during the setup navigation process. These keys include <F1>, <F2>, <Enter>, <ESC>, <Arrow> keys, and so on.



Sor

Some of the navigation keys differ from one screen to another.

Hot Keys	Description
→← Left/Right	The Left and Right <arrow> keys allow you to select a setup screen.</arrow>
↑↓ Up/Down	The Up and Down <arrow> keys allow you to select a setup screen or sub screen.</arrow>
Enter	The <enter> key allows you to display or change the setup option listed for a particular setup item. The <enter> key can also allow you to display the setup sub screens.</enter></enter>
+– Plus/Minus	The Plus and Minus <arrow> keys allow you to change the field value of a particular setup item.</arrow>
F1	The <f1> key allows you to display the General Help screen.</f1>
F2	The <f2> key allows you to Load Previous Values.</f2>
F3	The <f3> key allows you to Load Optimized Defaults.</f3>
F4	The <f4> key allows you to save any changes you have made and exit Setup. Press the <f4> key to save your changes.</f4></f4>
Esc	The <esc> key allows you to discard any changes you have made and exit the Setup. Press the <esc> key to exit the setup without saving your changes.</esc></esc>

4.3 Main Menu

When you first enter the setup utility, you will enter the Main setup screen. You can always return to the Main setup screen by selecting the Main tab. System Time/Date can be set up as described below. The Main BIOS setup screen is shown below.



BIOS Information

Display the BIOS information.

System Date/Time

Use this option to change the system time and date. Highlight System Time or System Date using the <Arrow> keys. Enter new values through the keyboard. Press the <Tab> key or the <Arrow> keys to move between fields. The date must be entered in MM/DD/YY format. The time is entered in HH:MM:SS format.

Access Level

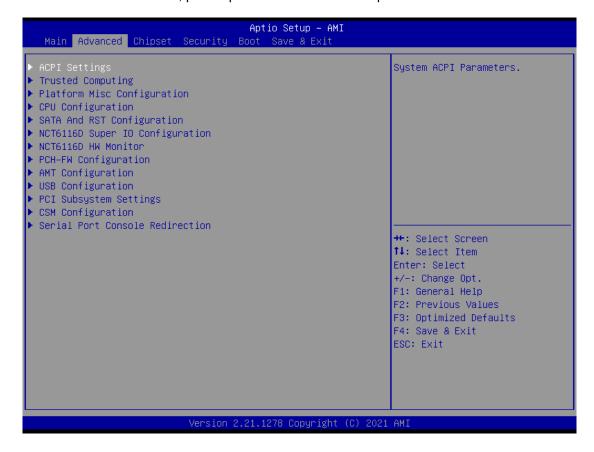
Display the access level of current user.

4.4 Advanced Menu

The Advanced menu also allows users to set configuration of the CPU and other system devices. You can select any of the items in the left frame of the screen to go to the sub menus:

- ACPI Settings
- ► Trusted Computing
- ► Platform Misc Configuration
- ► CPU Configuration
- ► SATA and RST Configuration
- ► NCT6106D Super IO Configuration
- ► NCT6106D Hardware Monitor
- ► PCH-FW configuration
- ► AMT configuration
- ► USB Configuration
- ► PCI Subsystem Settings
- ► CSM Configuration
- ► Serial Port Console Redirection

For items marked with "▶", please press <Enter> for more options.



ACPI Settings

This screen shows ACPI Settings.



ACPI Sleep State

Select the ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) sleep state. Configuration options are Suspend Disabled and S3 (Suspend to RAM). The default is S3 (Suspend to RAM). This option selects the ACPI sleep state the system will enter when the suspend button is pressed.

AMT BIOS Features

Enable or disable Active Management Technology BIOS features. The default is Enabled.



• Trusted Computing

Enable or disable security device support.



CPU Configuration

This screen shows CPU information, and you can change the value of the selected option.



Hardware Prefetcher

Turn on/off the MLC streamer prefetcher.

Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch

Turn on/off prefetching of adjacent cache lines.

Hyper-Threading

Enable or disable Hyper-threading Technology, which allows a single physical processor to multitask as multiple logical processors. When disabled, only one thread per enabled core is enabled.

Intel Virtualization Technology

Enable or disable Intel Virtualization Technology. When enabled, a VMM (Virtual Machine Mode) can utilize the additional hardware capabilities. It allows a platform to run multiple operating systems and applications independently, hence enabling a single computer system to work as several virtual systems.

Active Processor Cores

Number of cores to enable in each processor package.

AES

Enable / Disable AES (Advanced Encryption Standard)

Boot performance mode

Select the performance state that the BIOS will set starting from reset vector.

Intel (R) SpeedStep(tm)

Allows more than two frequency ranges to be supported.

Turbo Mode

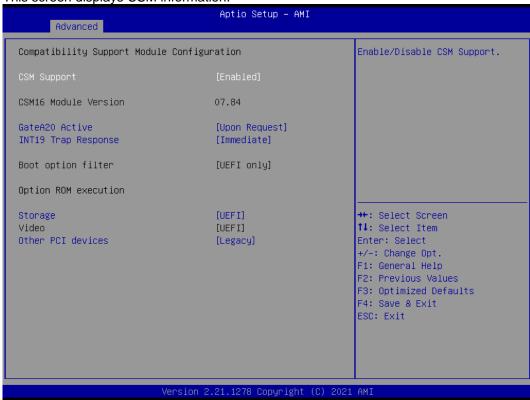
Enable/Disable processor Turbo Mode (requires EMTTM enabled too). AUTO means enabled, unless max turbo ratio is bigger than 16 - SKL A0 W/A.

C states

Enable/Disable CPU Power Management, which allows CPU to go to power saving C-states when it's not 100% utilized.

• Compatibility Support Module (CSM) Configuration

This screen displays CSM information.



CSM Support

Enabled / Disable CSM Support.

GateA20 Active

UPON REQUEST - GA20 can be disabled using BIOS services. ALWAYS - do not allow disabling GA20. This option is useful when any RT code is executed above 1MB.

Option ROM Messages

Set display mode for Option ROM.

INT19 Trap Response

BIOS reaction on INT19 trapping by Option ROM: IMMEDIATE - execute the trap right away; POSTPONED - execute the trap during legacy boot.

Boot option filter

This option controls Legacy/UEFI ROMs priority.

Storage

Controls the execution of UEFI and Legacy Storage OpROM.

Video

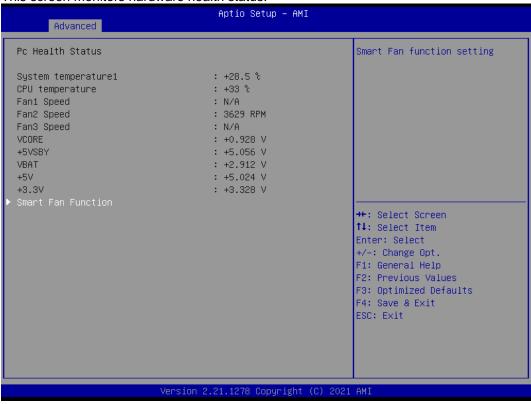
Controls the execution of UEFI and Legacy Video OpROM.

Other PCI devices

Determines OpROM execution policy for devices other than Network, Storage, or Video.

NCT6106D Hardware Monitor

This screen monitors hardware health status.



This screen displays the temperature of system and CPU, cooling fans speed in RPM and system voltages (VCC_CPU, DDR, +12V, +5V and +3.3V).



CPU FAN = FAN1; SYS FA = FAN2; AUX FAN = FAN3.

NCT6106D Super IO Configuration

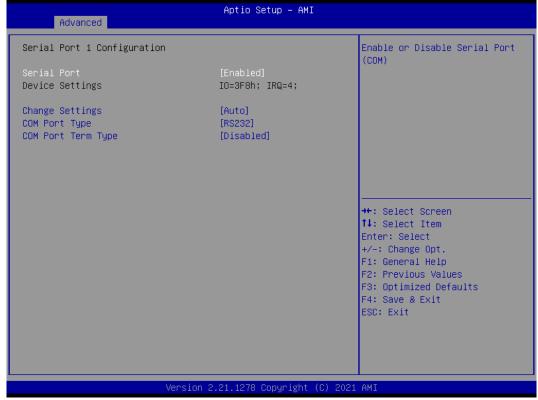
You can use this screen to select options for the Super IO Configuration, and change the value of the selected option. A description of the selected item appears on the right side of the screen. For items marked with ">", please press <Enter> for more options.

Aptio Setup - AMI



Serial Port 1~6 Configuration

Use these items to set parameters related to serial port 1~4.



• PCH-FW Configuration

This screen displays ME Firmware information.



PCI Subsystem Settings

This screen allows you to set PCI Subsystem mode.



PCI Latency Timer

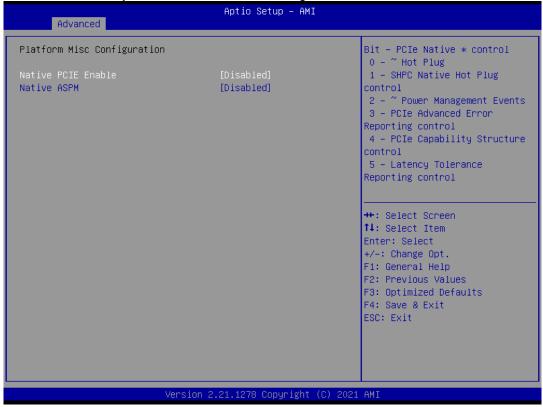
Set the value to be programmed into PCI Latency Timer Register.

VGA Palette Snoop

Enables or Disables VGA Palette Registers Snooping.

Platform Misc Configuration

This screen allows you to set Platform Misc Configuration.



Native PCIE Enable

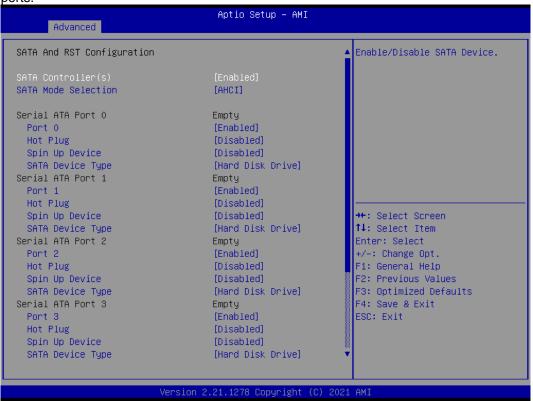
Bit - PCIe Native * control\n 0 - \sim Hot Plug\n 1 - SHPC Native Hot Plug control\n 2 - \sim Power Management Events\n 3 - PCIe Advanced Error Reporting control\n 4 - PCIe Capability Structure control\n 5 - Latency Tolerance Reporting control.

Native ASPM

Enabled - OS Controlled ASPM, Disabled - BIOS Controlled ASPM.

SATA Configuration

During system boot up, the BIOS automatically detects the presence of SATA devices. In the SATA Configuration menu, you can see the hardware currently installed in the SATA ports.



SATA Controller(s)

Enable or disable the SATA Controller feature. The default is Enabled.

SATA Mode Selection

Determine how SATA controller(s) operate. Operation mode options are RAID and AHCI (Advanced Host Controller Interface). The default is the AHCI mode.

SATA Controller Speed

Indicates the maximum speed the SATA controller can support.

Hot Plug

Designates this port as Hot Pluggable.

Spin Up Device

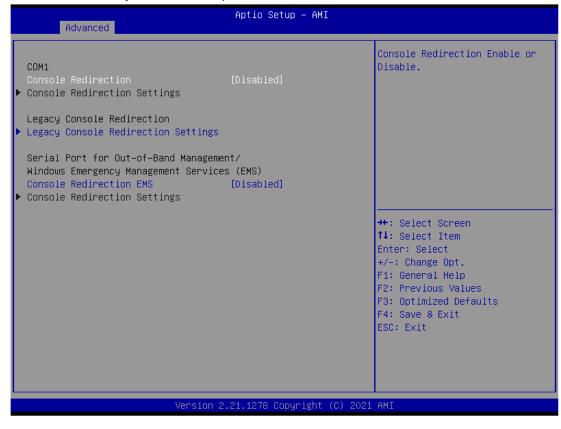
If enabled for any of ports, Staggerred Spin Up will be performed and only the drives that have this option enabled will spin up at boot. Otherwise all drives spin up at boot.

SATA Device Type

Identify the SATA port is connected to a solid-state drive (SSD) or hard disk drive (HDD).

• Serial Port Console Redirection

This screen allows you to set serial port console redirection.



USB Configuration

This screen shows USB configuration.



USB Devices

Displays all detected USB devices.

Legacy USB Support

Enables Legacy USB support. AUTO option disables legacy support if no USB devices are connected.

XHCI Hand-off

This is a workaround for OSes without XHCl hand-off support. The XHCl ownership change should be claimed by XHCl driver.

USB Mass Storage Driver Support

Enable/Disable USB Mass Storage Driver Support.

USB transfer time-out

The time-out value for Control, Bulk, and Interrupt transfers.

Device reset time-out

USB mass storage device Start Unit command time-out.

Device power-up delay

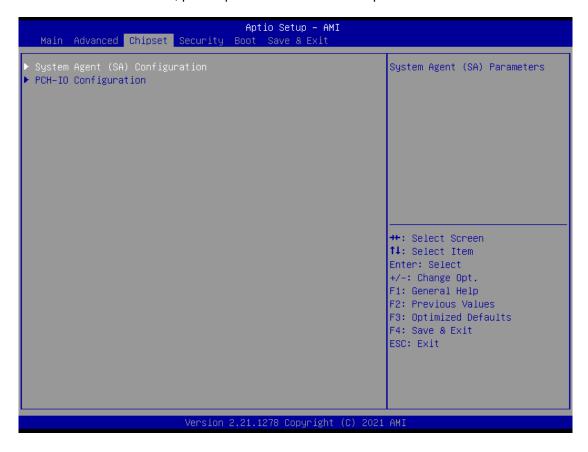
Maximum time the device will take before it properly reports itself to the Host Controller. 'Auto' uses default value: for a Root port it is 100 ms, for a Hub port the delay is taken from Hub descriptor.

4.5 Chipset Menu

The Chipset menu allows users to change the advanced chipset settings. You can select any of the items in the left frame of the screen to go to the sub menus:

- System Agent (SA) Configuration
- ► PCH-IO Configuration

For items marked with "▶", please press <Enter> for more options.



System Agent (SA) Configuration

This screen allows users to configure System Agent (SA) parameters. For items marked with "▶", please press <Enter> for more options.



Graphics Configuration

Open the sub menu for parameters related to graphics configuration.

Memory Configuration

Open the sub menu for information related to system memory.

PEG Port Configuration

Open the sub menu for parameters related to PEG port configuration.

VT-d

VT-d capability.

Above 4GB MMIO BIOS assignment

Enable/Disable above 4GB Memory MappedIO BIOS assignment. This is enabled automatically when Aperture Size is set to 2048MB.

Graphics Configuration

This screen shows graphics configuration.



Primary IGFX Boot Display

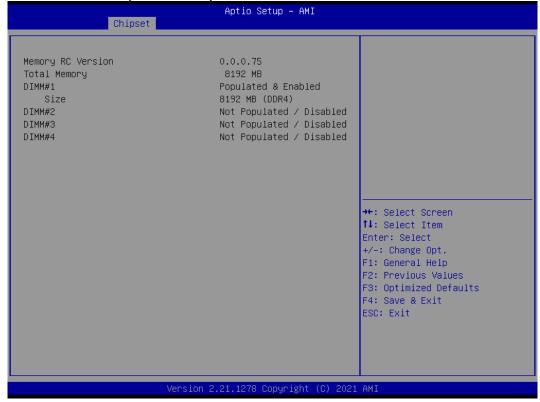
Select the video device which will be activated during POST (Power-On Self Test). The default is Auto.

Internal Graphics

Keep IGFX enabled based on the setup options.

Memory Configuration

This screen shows system memory information.



• PEG Port Configuration

This screen shows PEG Port/POE Port feature information.



Max Link Speed

Configure PEG 0:1:0 Max Speed.

PEG Port Feature Configuration

This screen shows PEG port feature configuration.



Detect Non-Compliance Device

Detect Non-Compliance PCI Express Device in PEG.

PCH-IO Configuration

This screen allows you to set PCH parameters.



PCH LAN Controller

Enable or disable onboard PCH LAN controller.

Wake on LAN Enable

Enable or disable integrated LAN to wake the system.

USB Configuration

This screen shows USB configuration.



XHCI Disable Compliance Mode

Provides options to disable Compliance Mode. Default is FALSE to not disable Compliance Mode. Set TRUE to disable Compliance Mode.

PCI Express Configuration

This screen shows PCI Express configuration.





PCIE 1 -> PCIE1
PCIE 21-> PCIE2



PCIe Speed

Configure PCIe Speed.

ASPM

Set the ASPM Level:\nForce L0s - Force all links to L0s State\nAUTO - BIOS auto configure\nDISABLE - Disables ASPM.

Detect Non-Compliance Device

Detect Non-Compliance PCI Express Device. If enabled, it will take more time at POST time.

• HD Audio Configuration

This screen shows HD Audio information



4.6 Security Menu

The Security menu allows users to change the security settings for the system.



Administrator Password

This item indicates whether an administrator password has been set (installed or uninstalled).

User Password

This item indicates whether a user password has been set (installed or uninstalled).

4.7 Boot Menu

The Boot menu allows users to change boot options of the system.



Setup Prompt Timeout

Number of seconds to wait for setup activation key. 65535(0xFFFF) means indefinite waiting.

Bootup NumLock State

Use this item to select the power-on state for the keyboard NumLock.

Quiet Boot

Select to display either POST output messages or a splash screen during boot-up.

• Launch PXE OpROM policy

Use this item to enable or disable the boot ROM function of the onboard LAN chip when the system boots up.

Boot Option Priorities

These are settings for boot priority. Specify the boot device priority sequence from the available devices.

4.8 Save & Exit Menu

The Save & Exit menu allows users to load your system configuration with optimal or fail-safe default values.



• Save Changes and Exit

When you have completed the system configuration changes, select this option to leave Setup and return to Main Menu. Select Save Changes and Exit from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>. Select Yes to save changes and exit.

Discard Changes and Exit

Select this option to quit Setup without making any permanent changes to the system configuration and return to Main Menu. Select Discard Changes and Exit from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>. Select Yes to discard changes and exit.

• Save Changes and Reset

When you have completed the system configuration changes, select this option to leave Setup and reboot the computer so the new system configuration parameters can take effect. Select Save Changes and Reset from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>. Select Yes to save changes and reset.

• Discard Changes and Reset

Select this option to quit Setup without making any permanent changes to the system configuration and reboot the computer. Select Discard Changes and Reset from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>. Select Yes to discard changes and reset.

Save Changes

When you have completed the system configuration changes, select this option to save changes. Select Save Changes from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>. Select Yes to save changes.

• Discard Changes

Select this option to quit Setup without making any permanent changes to the system configuration. Select Discard Changes from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>. Select Yes to discard changes.

Restore Defaults

It automatically sets all Setup options to a complete set of default settings when you select this option. Select Restore Defaults from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>.

• Save as User Defaults

Select this option to save system configuration changes done so far as User Defaults. Select Save as User Defaults from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>.

• Restore User Defaults

It automatically sets all Setup options to a complete set of User Defaults when you select this option. Select Restore User Defaults from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>.

Boot Override

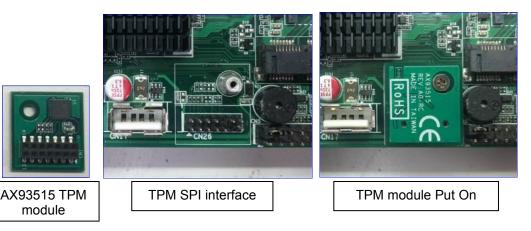
Select a drive to immediately boot that device regardless of the current boot order.

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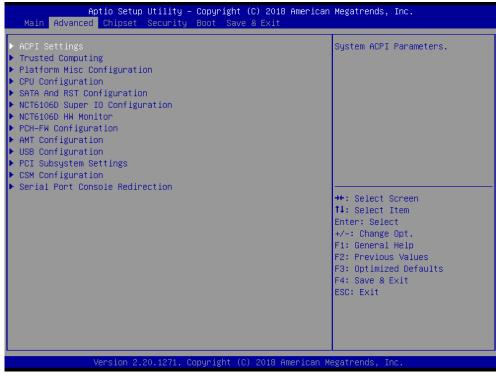
Appendix A TPM Module Installation

The TPM 2.0 (Trusted Platform Module 2.0) module is a modularized design applying to the IMB530 and provides enhanced hardware security for the computer. In this appendix you will learn how to install the TPM 2.0 module into the IMB530. Please read and follow the instructions below carefully.

1. Insert TPM module into the SPI interface of motherboard, as illustrated below.



- 2. There are two ways to confirm whether the TPM Module is installed successfully or not:
 - a. Enter the BIOS setup menu and go to Trusted Computing. On the first line will show "TPM2.0 Device Found".



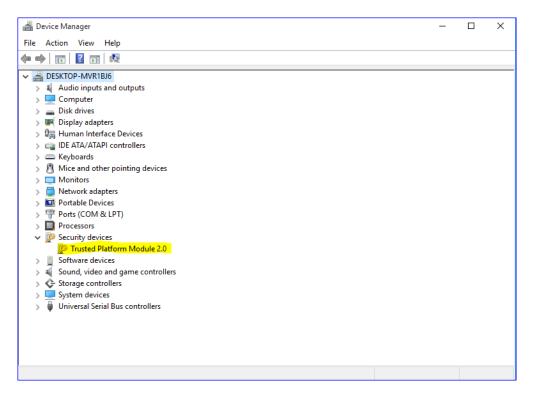
(In the Advance menu, go to Trusted Computing)

TPM Module Installation 59



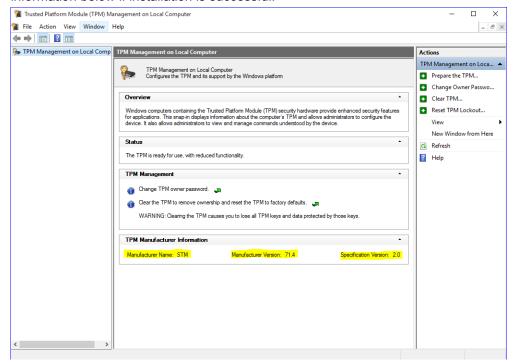
(In the Trusted Computing section, on the first of line will show "TPM2.0 Device Found", if installation is successful.)

b. In the Windows 10 OS environment, enter Device Manager, and select the item of Security devices. The screen will show "Trusted Platform Module 2.0" if installation is successful.



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c. In the Windows 10 OS environment, enter Control Panel, select the item of BitLocker Drive Encryption, and enter TPM Administration. The screen will show the information below if installation is successful.



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62 TPM Module Installation

Appendix B iAMT Settings

The Intel® Active Management Technology (Intel® AMT) utilizes built-in platform capabilities and popular third-party management and security applications to let IT administrators remotely discover, repair and better protect their networked computing assets, thus significantly improving IT management efficiency.

In order to use Intel® AMT you must enter the ME BIOS (<Ctrl + P> during system startup), change the ME BIOS password, and then select "Intel® iAMT" as the manageability feature.

Entering Management Engine BIOS Extension (MEBx)

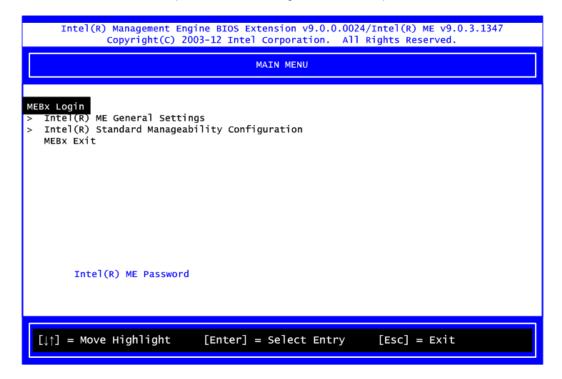
- 1. Go to BIOS to enable the iAMT function.
- 2. Exit from BIOS after starting iAMT, and press <Ctrl + P> to enter MEBx Setting.



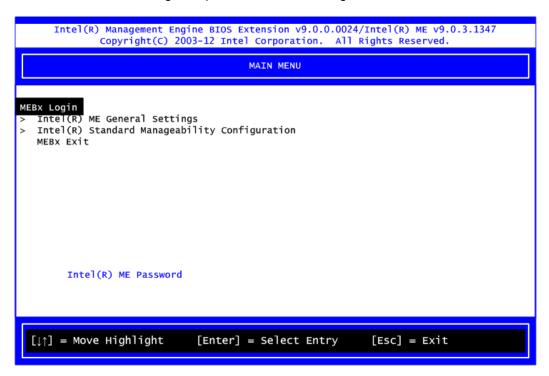
Note: It is advised to press <Ctrl + P> before the screen pops out.

Set and Change Password

1. You will be asked to set a password at first login. The default password is "admin".



2. You will be asked to change the password before setting ME.



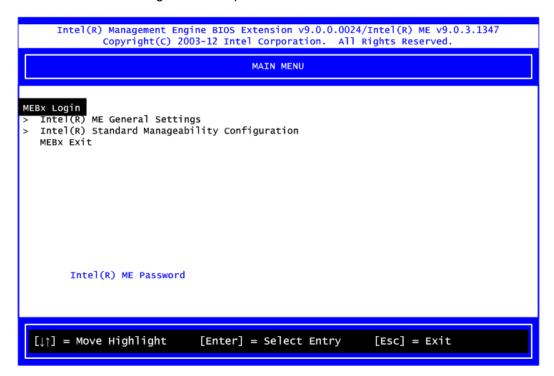
- 3. Confirm your new password while revising. The new password must consist of eight characters, including at least:
 - One upper case letter
 - One lower case letter
 - One number
 - One special symbol, such as '!', '\$', ';' (except: ':', ',', '"')

The default value demonstrates an example of a valid password: !!11qqQQ

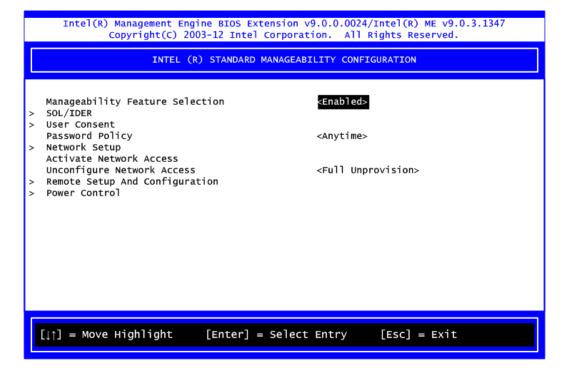
Underline (_) and space are valid characters for the password, but they won't make higher complexity.

iAMT Settings

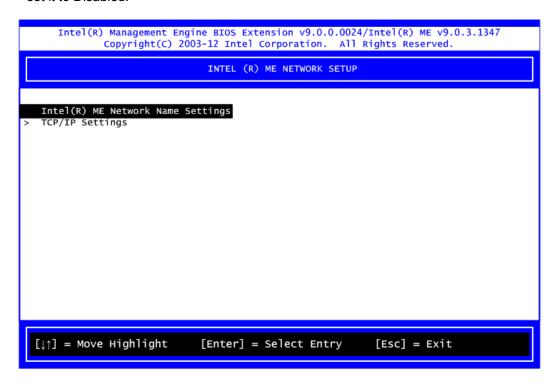
1. Select Intel® AMT configuration and press <Enter>.

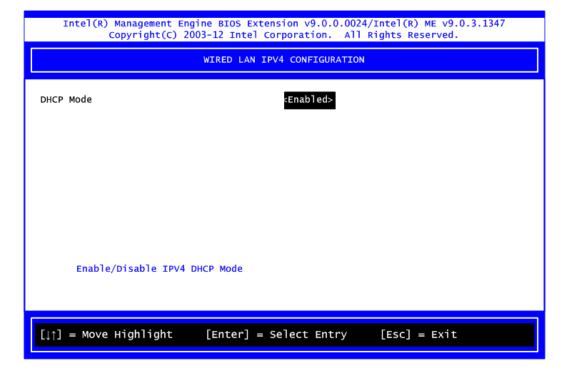


2. Select Network Setup to configure iAMT.

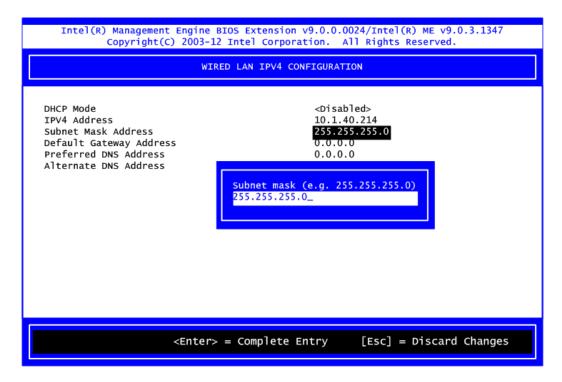


3. Select TCP/IP to go into Network interface and set it to Enabled. Go into DHCP Mode and set it to Disabled.

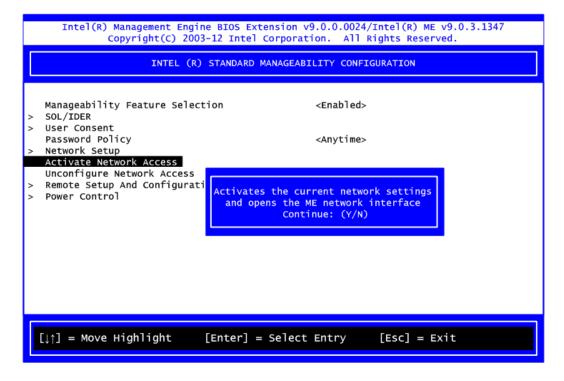




- 4. If DHCP Mode is disabled, complete the following settings:
 - IP address
 - Subnet mask



5. Go back to Intel® AMT Configuration, then select Activate Network Access and press <Enter>.

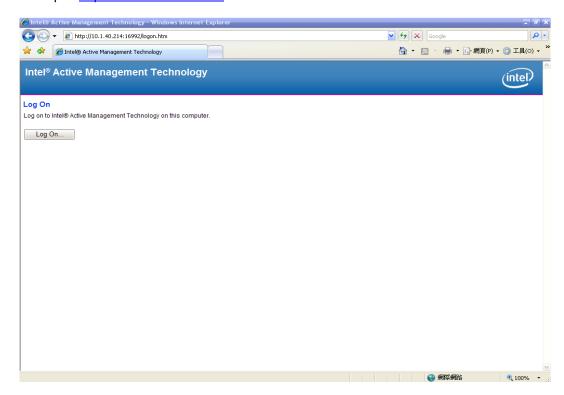


6. Exit from MEBx after completing the iAMT settings.

iAMT Web Console

1. On a web browser, type http://(IP ADDRESS):16992, which connects to iAMT Web.

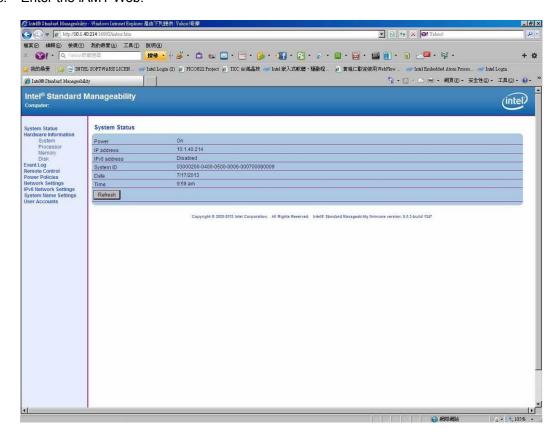
Example: http://10.1.40.214:16992



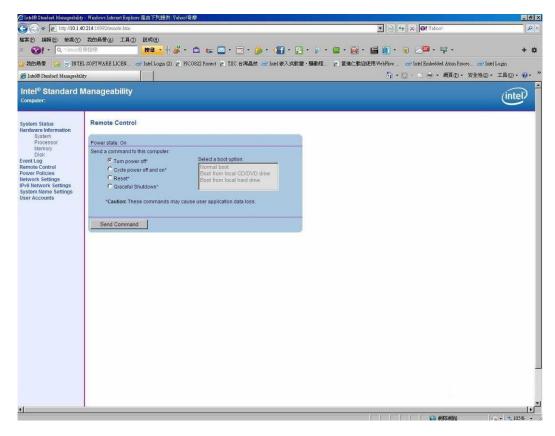
2. To log on, you will be required to type in your username and password for access to the Web.

USER: admin (default value) PASS: (MEBx password)

3. Enter the iAMT Web.



4. Click Remote Control, and select commands on the right side.



5. When you have finished using the iAMT Web console, close the Web browser.

Appendix C Configuring SATA for RAID

Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s) for RAID Function

Before you begin the SATA configuration, please prepare:

Two SATA hard drives (to ensure optimal performance, it is recommended that you use two
hard drives with identical model and capacity). If you do not want to create RAID with the
SATA controller, you may prepare only one hard drive.

Please follow up the steps below to configure SATA hard drive(s):

- 1. Install SATA hard drive(s) in your system.
- 2. Enter the BIOS Setup to configure SATA controller mode and boot sequence.
- 3. Configure RAID by the RAID BIOS.

1. Installing SATA hard drive(s) in your system.

Connect one end of the SATA signal cable to the rear of the SATA hard drive, and the other end to available SATA port(s) on the board. Then, connect the power connector of power supply to the hard drive.

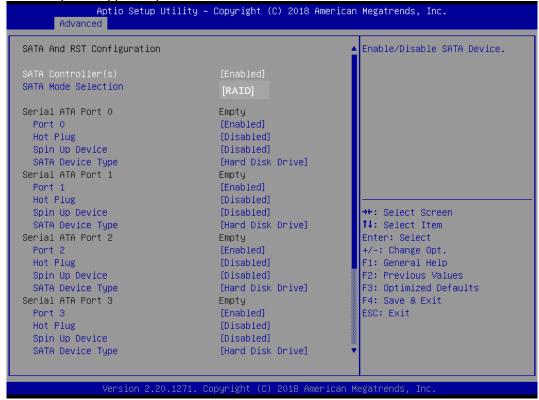
2. Configuring SATA controller mode and boot sequence by the BIOS Setup.

You have to make sure whether the SATA controller is configured correctly by system BIOS Setup and set up BIOS boot sequence for the SATA hard drive(s).

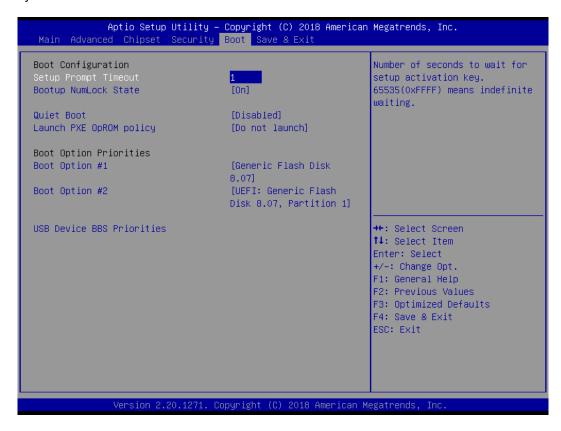
2.1. Turn on your system, and then press the button to enter BIOS Setup during running POST (Power-On Self Test). If you want to create RAID, just go to the Advanced Settings menu/SATA Configuration, select the "SATA Mode Selection", and press <Enter> for more options.



A list of options appears, please select "RAID".



2.2. Under the Boot Settings menu, set DVD-ROM for First Boot Option to boot DVD-ROM after system restarts.



2.3. Save and exit the BIOS Setup.

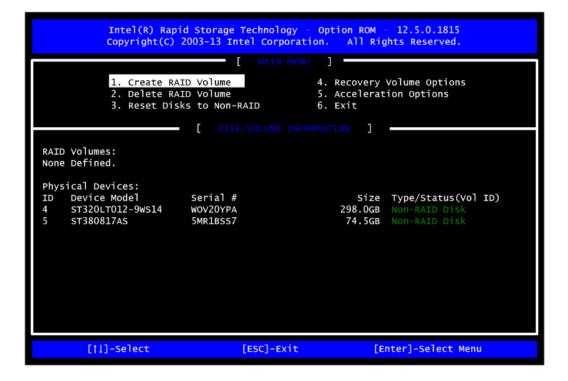
3. Configuring RAID by the RAID BIOS.

Enter the RAID BIOS setup utility to configure a RAID array. Skip this step and proceed if you do not want to create a RAID.

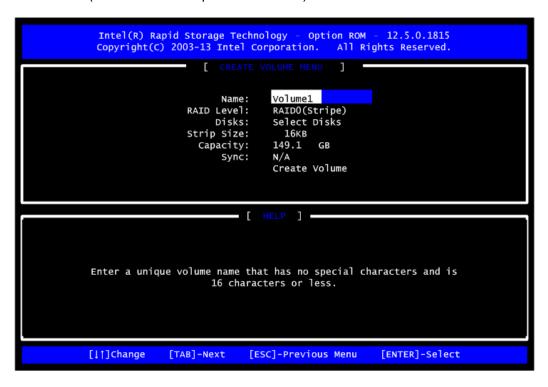
3.1. After the POST memory testing and before the operating system booting, a message "Press <Ctrl - I> to enter Configuration Utility" shows up. Accordingly, press <Ctrl - I> to enter the RAID BIOS setup utility.

```
Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology - Option ROM - 12.5.0.1815
Copyright(C) 2003-13 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.
 RAID Volumes:
          Name
                             Level
                                               Strip
                                                            Size Status
                                                                              Bootable
 ID
           Volume1
                             RAIDO(Stripe)
                                                          149.1GB Normal
                                               128KB
                                                                                Yes
 Physical Devices:
          Device Model
 ID
                             Serial #
                                                            Size
                                                                  Type/Status(Vol ID)
  4
           ST320LT012-9WS14
                             WOV20YPA
                                                          298.0GB
           ST380817AS
                             5MR1BSS7
                                                          74.5GB Member Disk(0)
Press <CTRL-I> to enter Configuration Utility...
```

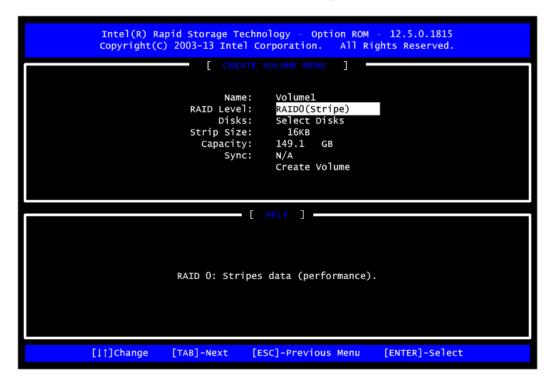
3.2. After you press <Ctrl - I>, the "Create RAID Volume" screen will appear. If you want to create a RAID array, select the "Create RAID Volume" option in the Main Menu and press <Enter>.



3.3. After entering the "Create Volume Menu" screen, you can type the disk array name with 1~16 letters (letters cannot be special characters) in the item "Name".



3.4. When finished, press <Enter> to select a RAID level. There are four RAID levels: RAID0, RAID1, RAID5 and RAID10. Select a RAID level and press <Enter>.



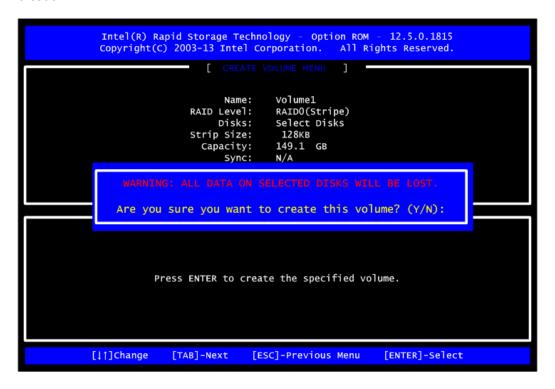
3.5. Set the stripe block size. The KB is the standard unit of stripe block size. The stripe block size can be 4KB to 128KB. After the setting, press <Enter> for the array capacity.

```
Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology - Option ROM - 12.5.0.1815
Copyright(C) 2003-13 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.
                    [ CREATE VOLUME MENU ]
                         Name:
                                    Volume1
                   RAID Level:
                                    RAIDO(Stripe)
                        Disks:
                                    Select Disks
                   Strip Size:
                                    128KB
                     Capacity:
                                    149.1
                                              GB
                         Sync:
                                    N/A
                                    Create Volume
                          __ [ HELP ] _
                 The following are typical values:
                             RAIDO - 128KB
                             RAID10 - 64KB
                             RAID5 - 64KB
[TAB]-Next
                               [ESC]-Previous Menu
                                                         [ENTER]-Select
```

3.6. After setting all the items on the menu, select "Create Volume" and press <Enter> to start creating the RAID array.



3.7. When prompting for confirmation, press <Y> to create this volume, or <N> to cancel the creation.



After the creation is completed, you will see detailed information about the RAID Array in the Disk/Volume Information section, including RAID mode, disk block size, disk name, and disk capacity, etc.

```
Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology - Opt
Copyright(C) 2003-13 Intel Corporation.
                                                                 12.5.0.1815
                                                  Option ROM
                                                       All Rights Reserved.
                               MAIN MENU
            1. Create RAID Volume
                                                  4. Recovery Volume Options
               Delete RAID Volume
                                                  5. Acceleration Options
            Reset Disks to Non-RAID
                                                  Exit
                           DISK/VOLUME INFORMATION
                                                           ]
RAID Volumes:
     Name
Volume1
                           Level
                                                                            Bootable
                                               Strip
                                                          Size Status
ID
                           RAIDO(Stripe)
                                               128KB
                                                       149.1GB
                                                                             Yes
Physical Devices:
                        Serial #
     Device Model
                                                        Size
                                                              Type/Status(Vol ID)
ID
     ST320LT012-9WS14
                                                     298.0GB
                       WOV20YPA
     ST380817AS
                        5MR1BSS7
                                                      74.5GB
                                     [ESC]-Exit
                                                              [Enter]-Select Menu
      [||-Select
```

Delete RAID volume

If you want to delete a RAID volume, select the "Delete RAID Volume" option in the Main Menu. Press <Enter> and follow on-screen instructions.

```
Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology -
                                                             12.5.0.1815
                                               Option ROM
           Copyright(C) 2003-13 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.
                             _ [
              Create RAID Volume
                                               4. Recovery Volume Options
                                               5. Acceleration Options
           2. Delete RAID Volume
           3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID
                                               6. Exit
                      DISK/VOLUME INFORMATION ] =
RAID Volumes:
                       Level
                                            Strip
                                                          Size Status
                                                                           Bootable
ID
    Name
    Volume1
                       RAIDO(Stripe)
                                            128KB
                                                       149.1GB Normal
                                                                             Yes
Physical Devices:
                                                         Size Type/Status(Vol ID)
    Device Model
ST320LT012-9WS14
                      Serial #
ΙD
                                                      298.0GB
                      WOV20YPA
     ST380817AS
                      5MR1BSS7
                                                       74.5GB Member Disk(0)
       [||-Select
                                  [ESC]-Exit
                                                         [Enter]-Select Menu
```

Press <Esc> to exit the RAID BIOS utility. Now, you can proceed to install a SATA driver controller and the operating system.

Appendix D Digital I/O

Digital I/O Software Programming

• I2C to GPIO PCA9554PW GPIO[3:0] is Output, GPIO[7:4] is Input.

• I2C address: 0b0100100x.

IOBASE: 0xF040

Registers:

Command byte

Command	Protocol	Function	
0	Read byte	Input port register	
1	Read/write byte	Output port register	
2	Read/write byte	Polarity inversion register	
3	Read/write byte	Configuration register	

The command byte is the first byte to follow the address byte during a write transmission. It is used as a pointer to determine which of the following registers will be written or read.

Register 0: Input port register.

This register is a read-only port. It reflects the incoming logic levels of the pins, regardless of whether the pin is defined as an input or an output by Register 3. Writes to this register have no effect.

The default 'X' is determined by the externally applied logic level, normally '1' when no external signal is externally applied because of the internal pull-up resistors.

Bit	Symbol	Access	Value	Description
7	17	Read only	Х	
6	16	Read only	Х	
5	15	Read only	Х	
4	14	Read only	Х	Determined by externally applied
3	13	Read only	Х	logic level.
2	12	Read only	Х	
1	l1	Read only	X	
0	10	Read only	Х	

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Register 1: Output port register.

This register reflects the outgoing logic levels of the pins defined as outputs by Register 3. Bit values in this register have no effect on pins defined as inputs. Reads from this register return the value that is in the flip-flop controlling the output selection, not the actual pin value.

Bit	Symbol	Access	Value	Description
7	O7	R	1*	
6	O6	R	1*	
5	O5	R	1*	
4	O4	R	1*	Reflects outgoing logic levels of pins defined as
3	O3	R	1*	outputs by Register 3.
2	O2	R	1*	
1	O1	R	1*	
0	O0	R	1*	

^{* :} Default value

Register 2: Configuration register.

This register configures the directions of the I/O pins. If a bit in this register is set, the corresponding port pin is enabled as an input with high-impedance output driver. If a bit in this register is cleared, the corresponding port pin is enabled as an output. At reset, the I/Os are configured as inputs with a weak pull-up to VDD.

Bit	Symbol	Access	Value	Description
7	C7	R/W	1*	
6	C6	R/W	1*	
5	C5	R/W	1*	Configure the directions of the I/O pins.
4	C4	R/W	1*	0 = Corresponding port pin enabled as an output.
3	C3	R/W	1*	1 = Corresponding port pin configured as input
2	C2	R/W	1*	(default value).
1	C1	R/W	1*	
0	C0	R/W	1*	

^{* :} Default value

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